

Notes

Review for Piecewise Quiz

Evaluate.

$$t(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 5 & x < 2 \\ \frac{1}{x} & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

1) $t(1)$

$$x = 1 \quad x < 2$$

$$t(x) = 2x - 5$$

$$t(1) = 2(1) - 5$$

$$= 2 - 5$$

$$t(1) = \boxed{-3}$$

2) $t\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$

$$x = \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x \geq 2$$

$$t(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$t\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$= 1 \cdot \frac{2}{5}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2}{5}}$$

3) $t(0.25)$

$$t\left(\frac{25}{100}\right)$$

$$t\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x < 2$$

$$t(x) = 2x - 5$$

$$t\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) - 5$$

$$= \frac{2}{4} - 5$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - 5$$

$$= -4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$t\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \boxed{-4\frac{1}{2}}$$

Evaluate.

$$m(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{1-x} & x < -1 \\ \left| \frac{4}{5}x - 3 \right| & x > -1 \end{cases}$$

4) $m(-1)$

$$x = -1$$

no solution

5) $m(1)$

$$x = 1$$

$$x > -1$$

$$m(x) = \left| \frac{4}{5}x - 3 \right|$$

$$m(1) = \left| \frac{4}{5}(1) - 3 \right|$$

$$= \left| \frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{1} \right|$$

$$= \left| \frac{4}{5} - \frac{15}{5} \right|$$

$$= \left| -\frac{11}{5} \right|$$

$$m(1) = \boxed{\frac{11}{5}}$$

6) $m(-8)$

$$x = -8$$

$$x < -1$$

$$m(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$m(-8) = \sqrt{1-(-8)}$$

$$= \sqrt{1+8}$$

$$= \sqrt{9}$$

$$m(-8) = \boxed{3}$$

Graph. State the domain and range in interval notation.

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-1 & x < -1 \\ 3 & x \geq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = 2x-1 \quad x < -1$$

less

$$g(x) = 3$$

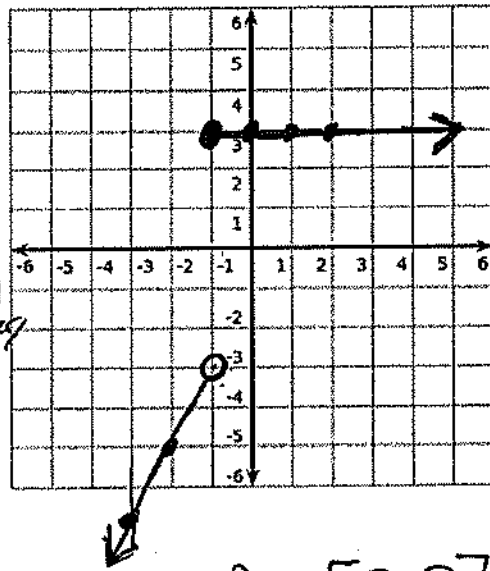
Horiz.

x	$2x-1$
-1	-3
-2	-5
-3	-7

open

x	3
-1	3
0	3
1	3
2	3

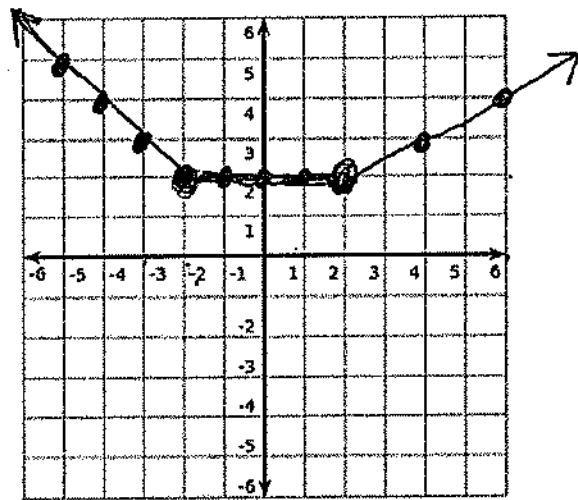
closed



Domain $(-\infty, \infty)$ Range $(-\infty, -3) \cup [3, 3]$

Sketch. State the domain and range in set notation.

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} -x & x \leq -2 \\ 2 & -2 < x < 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}x + 1 & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$



Domain $\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$ Range $\{y | y \geq 2\}$ $x \geq 2$

$g(x) = -x \quad x \leq -2$
less/e=

x	$-x$
-2	2
-3	3
-4	4
-5	5
↓	

• Closed

Horiz. Btw
 $g(x) = 2 \quad -2 < x < 2$
↑ open ↑ open

x	2
-2	2
-1	2
0	2
1	2
2	2

○ open

$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$

x	$\frac{1}{2}x + 1$
2	2
4	3
6	4
↓	

• closed