

### Pre-Calc. Review 3.1-3.3

- 1) Sketch the graph and state the domain and range in INTERVAL notation :  $y = 4^{x+3} - 2$
- 2) Sketch the graph and state the domain and range in SET notation :  $y = \log_3(x) + 4$
- 3) Find each logarithm without using a calculator
  - a)  $3^{2\log_3 7}$
  - b)  $\log \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{9}$
  - c)  $\ln \sqrt{e}$
  - d)  $\log_5 5^8$
  - e)  $\log_8 \left( 8 \sqrt[3]{8} \right)$
  - f)  $3 - e^{\ln x^3}$
- 4) Condense into a single log
  - a)  $\frac{2}{3} \ln 27 - \ln 2 - 3 \ln y$
  - b)  $\frac{1}{2} \log_b M + \frac{1}{2} \log_b N - 4 \log_b K$
- c)  $\log_5 12 + \log_5 (x^2 - 9) - \log_5 (2x^2 - 9x + 9)$
- 5) Expand :
  - a)  $\log_4 \left( \frac{16\sqrt{x+1}}{xy^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)$
- 6) Review
  - a) Simplify :  $\frac{3^{-1} - 3^{-2}}{3^{-1} + 3^{-2}}$
  - b) Simplify :  $\left( \frac{-1}{16 \cdot 5} \right)^{\frac{-5}{4}}$
- 7) Set up the problem. Solve to nearest cent  
 Suppose you have invested \$50,000 at 6.5% interest. SET UP an equation to help calculate the amount you would have after 3 years and 4 months if the interest is being compounded semiannually

#### Answers:

- 1)  $D : (-\infty, \infty); R : (-2, \infty)$
- 2)  $D : \{x | x > 0\}; R : \{y | y \text{ is all real #'s}\}$
- 3a) 49   3b)  $\frac{2}{3}$    3c)  $\frac{1}{2}$    3d) 8   3e)  $\frac{4}{3}$    3f)  $3 - x^3$
- 4a)  $\ln \left( \frac{9}{2y^3} \right)$    4b)  $\log_b \left( \frac{\sqrt{MN}}{K^4} \right)$    4c)  $\log_5 \left( \frac{12x + 36}{2x - 3} \right)$    5a)  $2 + \frac{1}{2} \log_4 (x + 1) - \log_4 x - \frac{1}{3} \log_4 y$
- 6a)  $\frac{1}{2}$    6b) 2   7)  $A = 50,000 \left( 1 + \frac{.065}{2} \right)^{(2) \left( \frac{10}{3} \right)}$    \$61,882.86